THE ORIGIN OF MASS AS A SUPERRADIANT PHASE TRANSITION OF QED QUANTUM VACUUM

LUIGI MAXMILIAN CALIGIURI

Foundation of Physics Research Center (FoPRC), Via Resistenza Celico (CS), 87053, Italy

caligiuri@foprc.org; max.caligiuri@gmail.com

Mass is one of the most important concepts in physics and its real understanding represents the key for the formulation of any consistent physical theory. During the past years, a very interesting model of inertial and gravitational mass as the result of the reaction interaction between the charged particles (electrons and quarks) contained in a given body and a suitable i fractioni of QED Zero Point Fields confined within an ideal resonant cavity, associated to the same body, has been proposed by Haish, Rueda and Puthoff. More recently, the author showed that this interpretation is consistent with a picture of mass (both inertial and gravitational) as the seat of ZPF standing waves whose presence reduces quantum vacuum energy density inside the resonant cavity ideally associated to the body volume. Nevertheless so far, the ultimate physical origin of such resonant cavity as well as the mechanism able to i selectî the fraction of ZPF electromagnetic modes interacting within it, remained unrevealed. In this paper, basing on the framework of QED coherence in condensed matter, weill show mass can be viewed as the result of a spontaneous superradiant phase transition of quantum vacuum giving rise to a more stable, energetically favored, macroscopic quantum state characterized by an ensemble of coherence domains, i trappingî the coherent ZPF fluctuations inside a given volume just acting as a resonant cavity. Our model is then able to explain the inaturali emergence of the ideal resonant cavity speculated by Haish, Rueda and Puthoff and its defining parameters as well as the physical mechanism selecting the fraction of ZPF interacting with the body particles. Our results then suggest inertia could really originate from quantum vacuum dynamics and also give novel and interesting insights into other fundamental physical questions as, for example, the origin of gravity and matter stability.